



Lowerhouse Junior School History Overview Sheet



Year 6 – What led to the abolition of the Transatlantic Slave Trade? How was Lancashire connected to the Transatlantic Slave Trade?



Rationale: Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. They should note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. They should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. They should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

Substantive Knowledge:

- Know about Britain's part in the slave trade
- Know what slave auctions were like
- Know about the horrific conditions on board slave ships
- Know about the death rate during the slaves' transportation to the Americas
- Know that the majority of slaves came from Africa
- Know what life was like for most of the slaves
- Know about the impact of slavery on the world today

Overview:

Lesson 1: Artefact Session: The Brooks Slave Ship Illustration
Lesson 2: Introduce the Transatlantic Slave Trade and its global impact, including Britain's role in the trade
Lesson 3: Explore the human impact of the slave trade on enslaved Africans and their descendants.
Lesson 4: Investigate the key figures and movements that contributed to the abolition of the Transatlantic Slave Trade.
Lesson 5: Examine the economic and social connections between Lancashire and the Transatlantic Slave Trade.
Lesson 6: Analyse the causes behind the abolition of the Transatlantic Slave Trade and its short- and long-term consequences.

Key Vocabulary

Race - A group of people identified as distinct from other groups because of physical or genetic traits shared by the group
Slavery - A system of people working hard for no money and being 'owned' by a wealthy person
Freedom - The right to act, speak, or think as one wants
Abolishment - To put an end to (slavery)
Inherently inferior - A belief that black people were less able or important than white people
Atlantic slave trade - The transportation by slave traders of various enslaved African people, mainly to America

Key Knowledge

Know what is meant by the term 'slavery'
Know where slaves came from
Know where slaves were taken to
Know why black people were enslaved
Know about how slaves were treated
Know about the people who tried to stop slavery